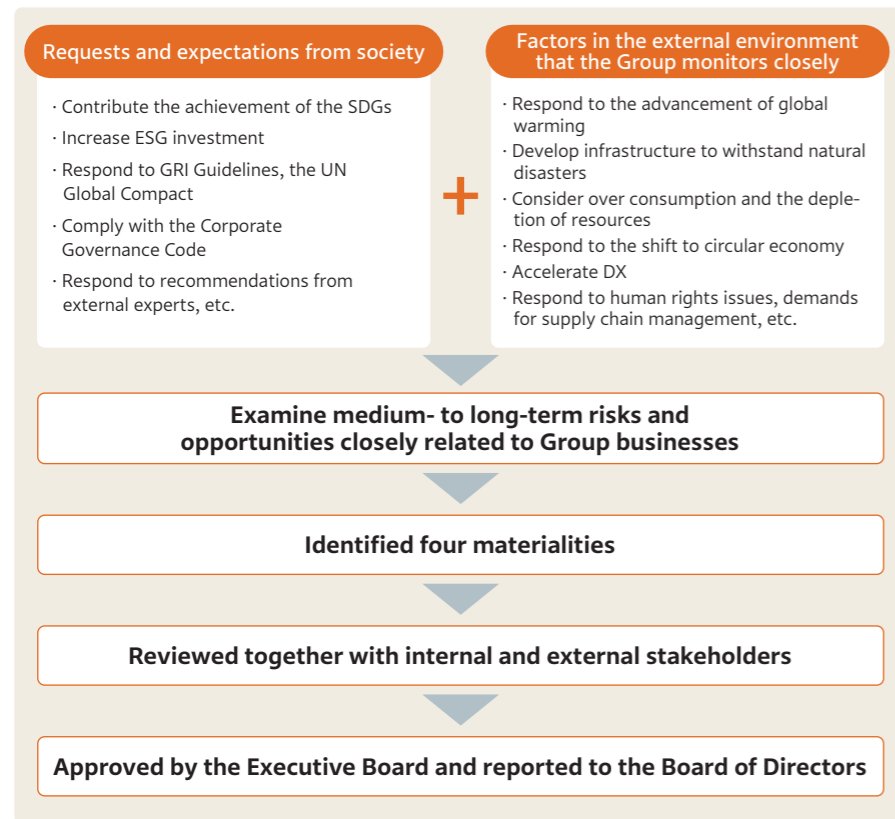


Hitachi Construction Machinery Group's Materiality

The Hitachi Construction Machinery Group reassessed materialities in fiscal 2021 in light of changes in social conditions, policies, and regulations in various countries. In the identification process, we examined medium- to long-term risks and opportunities from the perspectives of social issues, such as the SDGs and ESG, and the perspective of the external environment, which can enhance or damage corporate value. In this process, we identified four materialities. After repeated discussions, and taking into account the opinions of internal and external stakeholders, our Executive Board approved these four categories of materiality in July 2021, after which we reported the results in a Board of Directors meeting. We established key performance indicators (KPIs) for each materiality, and are managing progress under our sustainability governance system. We will continue to reassess materialities as needed in light of changes in the external environment and other factors.

Materiality Identification Process



Major Risks and Opportunities Associated with Changes in the External Environment

External Environment	Risks	Opportunities	Materialities
Respond to the advancement of global warming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Suspension of operations due to natural disasters •Growing costs of regulatory compliance due to stricter environmental regulations in each country and region •Changes in industrial structure due to the transition to a decarbonized society and the resulting impact on business activities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Increased demand for environmentally conscious products and services •Attracting ESG investment due to positive investor assessments of our initiatives to address environmental concerns 	<p>Development of products and technology contributing to climate change mitigation and adaptation</p>
Develop infrastructure to withstand natural disasters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Supply chain disruption due to lack of progress in infrastructure development and the resulting impact on business activities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Increased demand for infrastructure maintenance and upgrades 	
Consider over consumption and the depletion of resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Damage to corporate value due to delays in implementation of initiatives •Increased costs for introducing resource-conserving machinery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Realization of a business model capable of both minimizing resource consumption and maximizing customer value 	<p>Conversion to a recycling-oriented business model</p>
Respond to the shift to circular economy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Increase in initial investment for conversion •Increased product recovery and processing costs •Increased procurement costs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Increase in new business opportunities, markets, and demand •Reduction of manufacturing costs 	
Accelerate DX	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Decline in competitiveness due to the expansion of competitors and new entrants 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Expansion of contacts with start-ups leading to deeper strategies as well as collaboration involving companies equipped with unique technologies 	<p>Creating innovative solutions for challenges faced by customers supporting social infrastructure</p>
Respond to human rights issues, demands for supply chain management, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Loss of public trust due to human rights violations •Loss of trust in business partners 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Gaining social credibility through appropriate human rights initiatives 	<p>Strengthen global governance</p>

Hitachi Construction Machinery Group's Materiality

Materialities and KPIs

Materialities	Key Initiatives	KPIs	FY2021 Results	FY2022 Results	FY2030 Goals	
Development of products and technology contributing to climate change mitigation and adaptation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expand the development of decarbonization technologies such as the electrification of machinery and hydrogen engines Develop a highly efficient Fleet Management System Reduce CO₂ across the entire value chain Introduce renewable energy and systematically invest in high-efficiency facilities Provide optimal solutions for disaster prevention and mitigation, emergency response, and recovery and reconstruction 	Products (Scope 3)	CO ₂ Reduction (total): Compared to FY2010	-21.4%	-33.0%	
		Production (Scope 1+2)	CO ₂ Reduction (total): Compared to FY2010	-27.1%	-45.0%	
		Value Chain	Reduce CO ₂ via used equipment, parts remanufacturing	19,686t	22,037t	Minimize environmental load across the entire value chain
		Disaster-response, recovery, reconstruction support	Convert to a recycling-oriented business model	114	138	Partnerships and support for major municipalities and industry groups
Convert to a recycling-oriented business model	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expand parts remanufacturing business to bring performance on par with new products Develop branded used equipment that is well-maintained and include warranties Utilize data to differentiate our high-quality rental equipment 	Resource recycling	Waste reduction	7,868t	8,787t	Minimize environmental load across the entire value chain
			Recycling rate (Japan)	83.9%	93.7%	Aiming for 99.5% or higher
			Water usage reduction(intensity): Compared to FY2010	-40.2%	-31.7%	Water reclamation advancements and minimization of impact on communities
		Parts remanufacturing business, used equipment business	Expand parts reclamation business sales revenue: Compared to FY2010	402%	488%	Spread the adoption of services that meet local needs
			Expand used equipment business sales revenue: Compared to FY2010	104%	138%	Spread the adoption of products that meet local needs
Creating innovative solutions for challenges faced by customers supporting social infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contribute to cooperative construction machinery, operation support systems, and site safety Expand machines, systems, and solutions that improve construction efficiency Develop and provide labor-saving machines using unattended and robotized technology Reduce life cycle costs through stable machine operations 	Improve safety	Functions to reduce accidents caused by Hitachi Construction Machinery products	Develop operation support systems that contribute to reduced accidents	Release assistance equipment designed to reduce collision damage (small-size road construction machines)	Contribute to zero overturns and fatal accidents
		Increase productivity	Number of ICT machines adopted at target worksites	1,160 units (total; 3,704 worksites)	1,656 units (total; 5,177 worksites)	Standardize autonomous and labor-saving construction machinery
		Reducing life cycle costs	Adoption rate of machinery status management systems (ConSite)	72%	73%	Aim for zero downtime
		Research and development system	Research and development cost to sales ratio	2.5%	1.9%	3.0% or higher
Strengthen global governance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Respect human rights Global occupational safety and health management Develop diverse human resources locally and globally Establish fair sales partnerships Ensure management transparency Ensure compliance 	Respect for human rights	Business and Human Rights e-learning course attendance	81.4%	94.6%	100%
		Occupational accidents	0 incidents (vs. prior year)	157% (vs. FY2020; Japan)	145% (vs. FY2021; Japan)	Aim for 0 accidents
		Global leadership	Leadership training attendance (global)	88% (cumulative)	84% (cumulative)	100% (cumulative)
		Diversity	Ratio of women in managerial positions (global)	10.4% (male 14.9%)	11.2% (male 16.0%)	Aim for gender parity
			Ratio of local managers in general managerial positions at overseas group companies (global)	71%	72%	87%
		Fair procurement	Conduct supplier sustainability survey	66%	84%	Aim for 100% recovery through stable operations
		Eradicate corruption and bribery	Number of violations of corruption and bribery laws	0	0	0
Corporate governance	Outside directors, female directors, non-Japanese directors	Outside directors: 4 out of 10 Women, non-Japanese: 2	Outside directors: 6 out of 10 Women, non-Japanese: 2	Toward a structure suitable for strengthening business and improving governance		